Demystifying the Building of ZigBee Applications

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Outline

Application Design

Implement And Debug Certify

Platform Selection

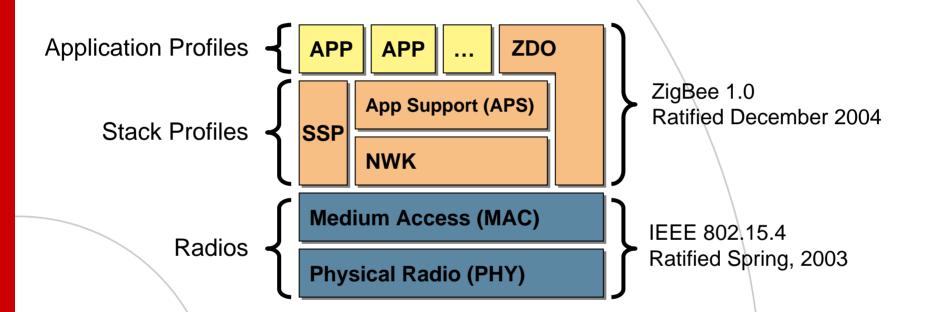
- Hardware Platform Choices
- ZigBee Stack Background
 - Stack Profiles
 - Application Profiles
- Interoperability/Compliance
- Debugging ZigBee Applications
- Vendor Selection



Hardware Platform Types

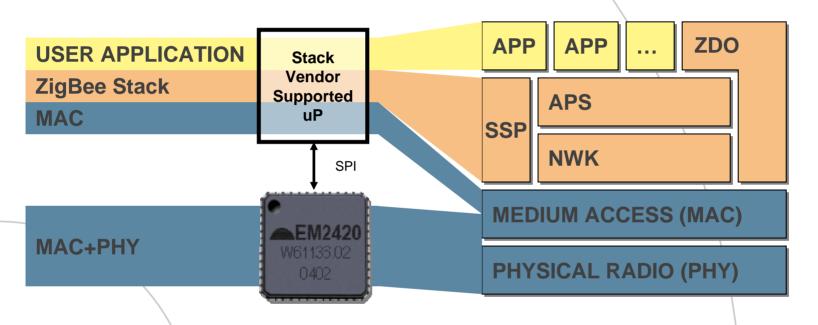


ZigBee Stack Architecture





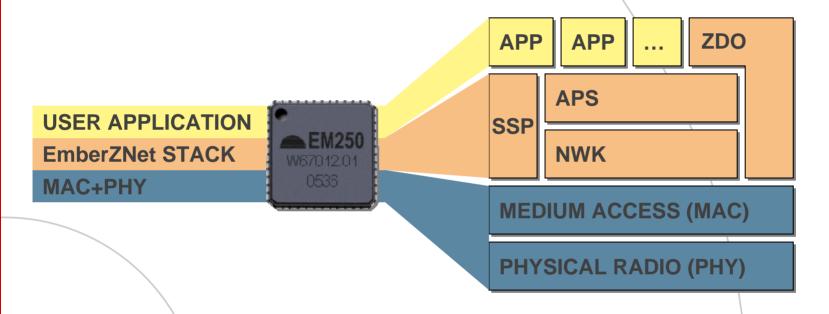
RF Only 802,15.4 Radio



- Most common solution on the market today
 - Many vendors (not with common radio interfaces however)
- Attach to any micro supported by stack vendors
- Single micro must handle both application and stack development challenge



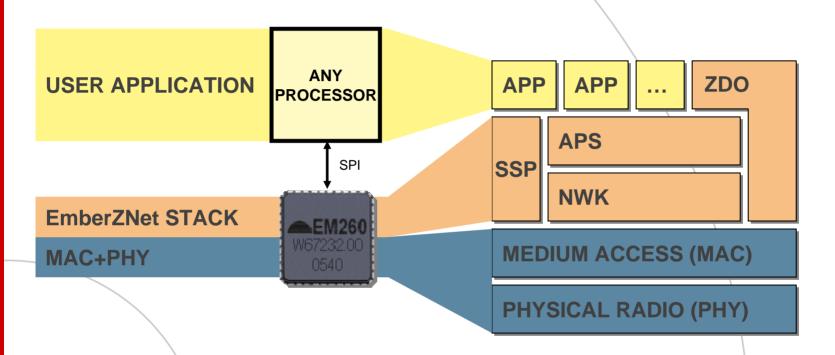
System-On-A-Chip Approach



- All functions for a ZigBee device in a single chip
- Highly integrated, lower component count, micro/peripherals optimized for ZigBee, lowest BoM
- Requires use of the processor core and peripheral mix chosen by vendor



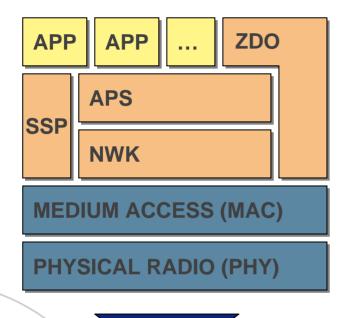
Network Processor Approach



- Separates the application from the stack/radio most flexible approach
- Allows processor to be selected independent of ZigBee stack/radio
- Fewer integration problems/real-time problems
- Increases component count and current consumption over SoC approach



ZigBee Modules



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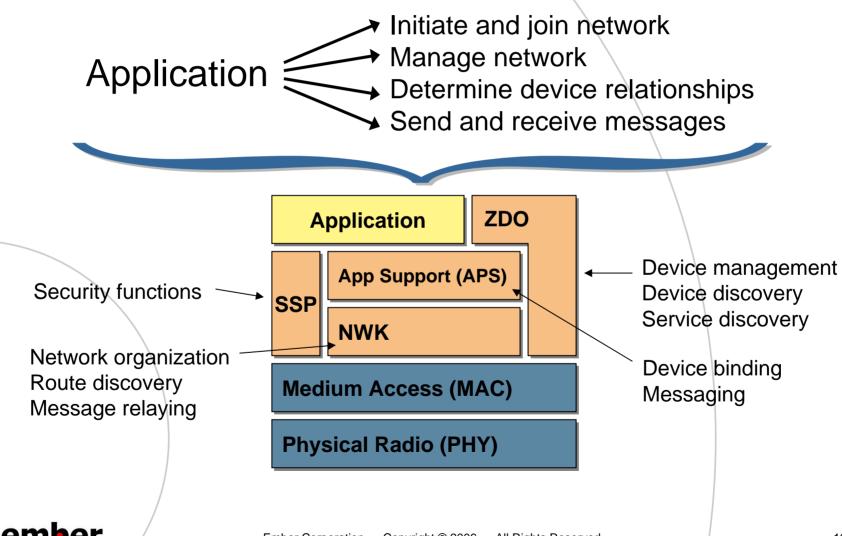
- Wide variety of module manufactures now offering SoC, RF-only, and network processor modules
- Reduce design time and RF skills needed
- Higher cost and often less flexible due to integrated antennas
- Appropriate when the volume is lower or when RF test is prohibitive



What's in the ZigBee Stack?



ZigBee Functional Overview





ZigBee Concepts: Device Types

ZigBee Type	Notes
ZigBee Coordinator (ZC)	Exactly 1 per network
ZigBee Router (ZR)	No duty cycling available
ZigBee End Device (ZED)	Does not relay packets



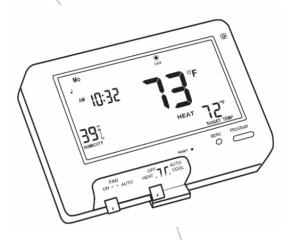






ZigBee Concepts: Endpoints

- An endpoint is a virtual address within a ZigBee device – up to 255 endpoints per device
- Endpoint 0, and endpoints 240-255 are reserved for special functions; endpoints 1-239 are available for user applications
- Each endpoint supports exactly one application profile – but different endpoints can support different application profiles



Example device endpoints:

0 – Network management (ZDO)

1 - Home Automation/HCL

100 - Vendor extensions



ZigBee Concepts: Cluster IDs

- Cluster IDs are used to define message types
- Cluster IDs and their associated message structure are defined by the application profile



Example Cluster IDs for a private application profile:

ID 0: SWITCH_ON

ID 1: SWITCH_OFF

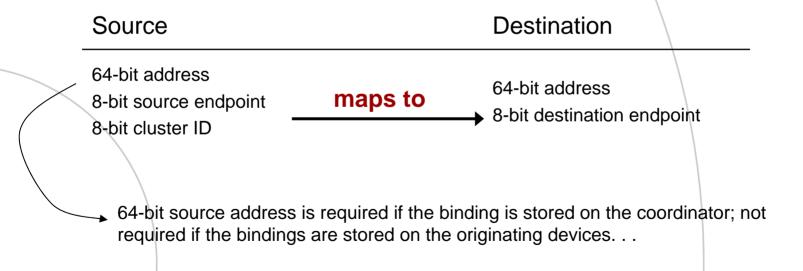
ID 2: SWITCH_DIMMER_SETTING

And so on...



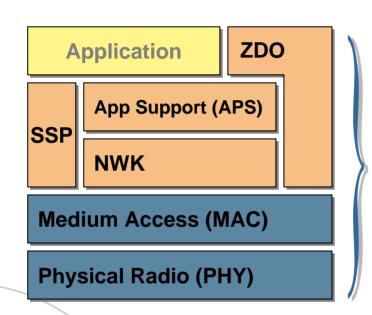
ZigBee Concepts: Bindings

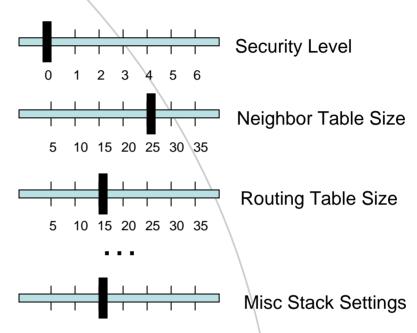
 Bindings define device relationships by matching an incoming endpoint and cluster id to an outgoing endpoint and cluster id. Bindings may be stored in the routing device or in the coordinator. Bindings are used for indirect addressing of messages:





ZigBee Stack Profiles





- Stack Profiles define the settings of various "knobs" in the ZigBee stack
- Allows tradeoffs to be made between stack performance/characteristics and resource use
- Luckily, only a few stack profiles exist...

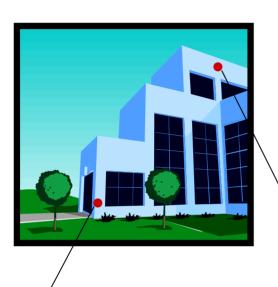


HC Stack Profile



- Home control oriented stack, aimed at simpler, smaller networks
- Key Characteristics
 - Optimized for small networks
 - Security uses a single key for the network, installed out of band or unsecured over the air
 - Bindings in a coordinator device (saves memory on other devices)

CII Stack Profile



AUR



- Commercial and industrial targeted stack
- Key characteristics
 - Much more scalable addressing and routing than HA stack
 - Aggregation and multicast
 - More robust security
 - Distributed bindings and less reliance on network coordinator



Application Profiles



Clusters

0: aff

1: on

2: scene 1

3: scene 2



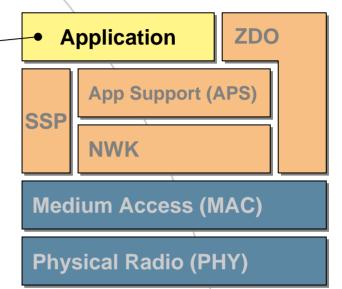
Clusters

0: fan off

1: fan on

2: temp set

3: time set



- Application profiles define what messages are sent over the air for a given application
- Devices with the same app profiles interoperate
- ZigBee publishes a set of public profiles, but vendors may create private ones as well (at the expense of interoperability)



Some Application Profiles



- Home Automation
 - Built on HC stack profile
 - Defines set of devices used in home automation
 - Lightswitches
 - Thermostats
 - Window shade
 - Heating unit
 - etc



- Industrial Plant Monitoring
 - Built on CII stack profile
 - Consists of device definitions for sensors used in industrial control
 - Temperature
 - Pressure sensors
 - Infrared
 - etc

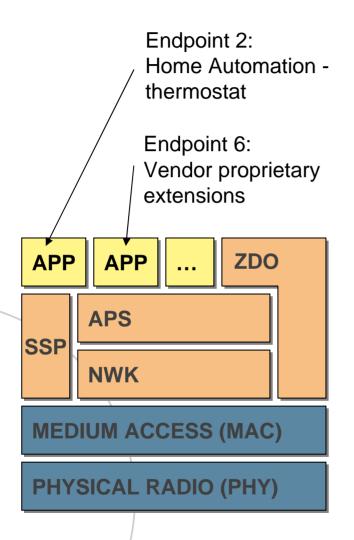


More Application Profiles

- Multiple profiles at various stages of progress
 - Commercial Building Automation
 - Building control, management, and monitoring
 - Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning
 - Cross-market HVAC control
 - Automated Meter Reading
 - Addresses utility meter reading
 - Wireless Sensor Networks
 - Very low power unattended networks
- Vendors may form new profile groups within ZigBee and/or propose private profiles for consideration



Multi-Profile Devices



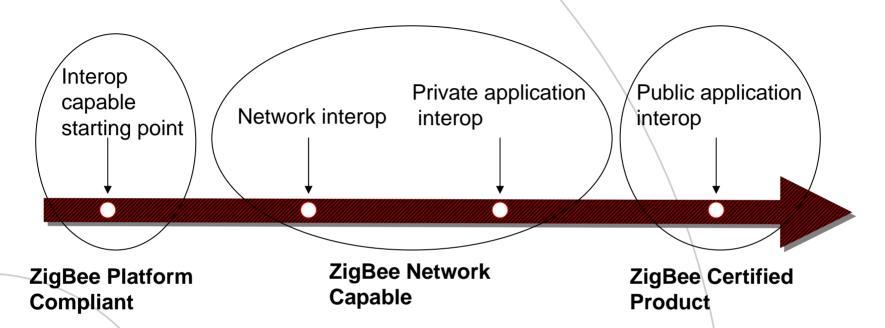
- Vendor devices may implement multiple profiles
- Additional application profiles live on different endpoints within the device
- Allows creation of vendor specific extensions
- All endpoints on a single device must use of the same stack profile



Understanding ZigBee Interoperability and Compliance



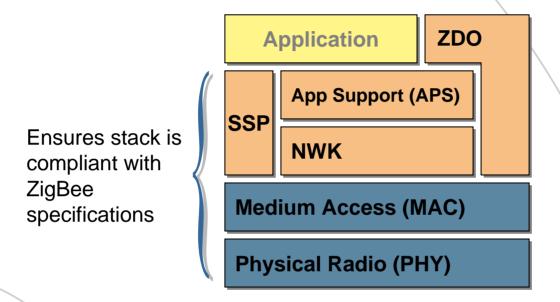
Interoperability Levels



- Devices built on ZigBee do not necessarily interoperate
- Wide spectrum of interop choices
- It's a designer choice on level of vendor interoperability to support
- No matter which level you choose, you must be at least an Adopter class member to use ZigBee IP in a product- even if you don't use the ZigBee name



ZigBee Compliant Platform

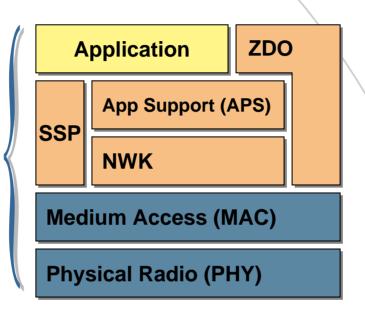


- Platform certification ensures all parts of the stack other than the application are compliant with a particular stack profile
- Developers should be sure any platform they consider has this
- Does not imply interoperability at the application layer, only ensures that you can build interoperable devices if you choose
- Obtained by platform (stack or module) providers



ZigBee Network Capable

Ensures application and stack do not interfere with other ZigBee networks

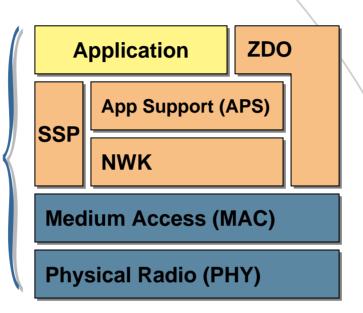


- Allows a vendor who builds a product with a ZigBee stack, but who does not follow a published application profile to ensure their product does not harm other ZigBee networks
- Permits the use of ZigBee in literature
- Does not imply any interop between multiple vendors devices



ZigBee Certified Product

Ensures application conforms to a specific public application profile



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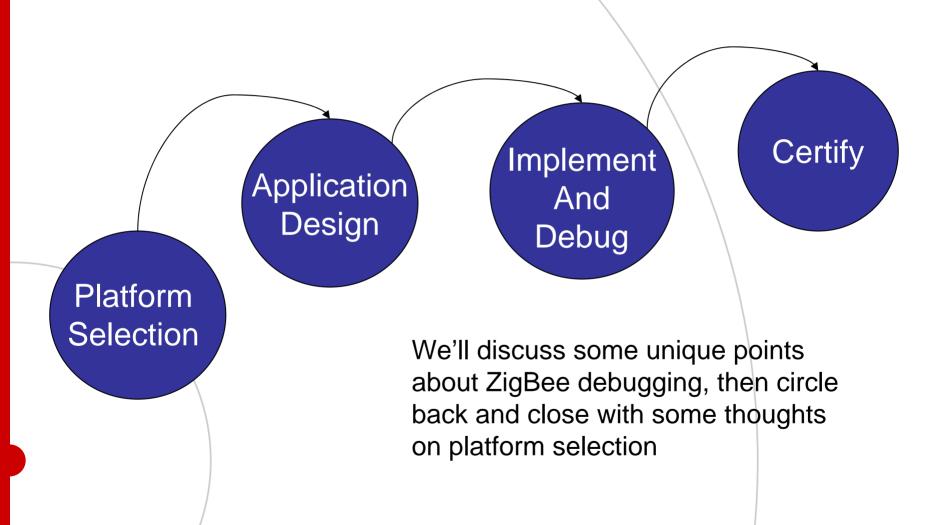
- Guarantees interoperability between products all running a specific application profile
- Allows product vendor to use ZigBee language and logos on their product
- Does not preclude vendor extensions from being present only ensures a given profile is followed



Designing Your Own Application

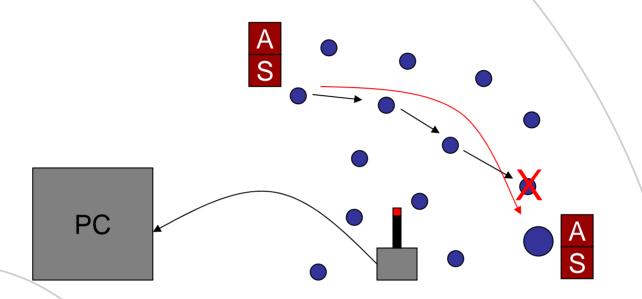


ZigBee Development





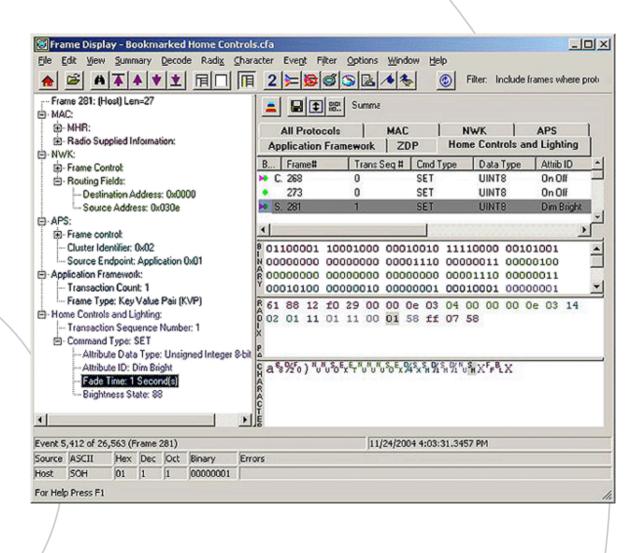
Wireless Application Debugging



- Unique challenges in debugging wireless applications
 - Resource constraints
 - Halt/Step style of debugging doesn't always work
- Common tool is a packet sniffer

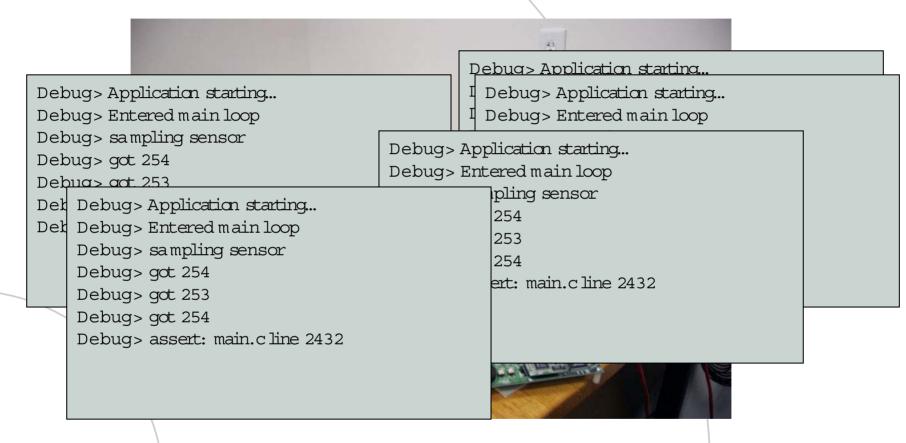


Typical Packet Sniffer





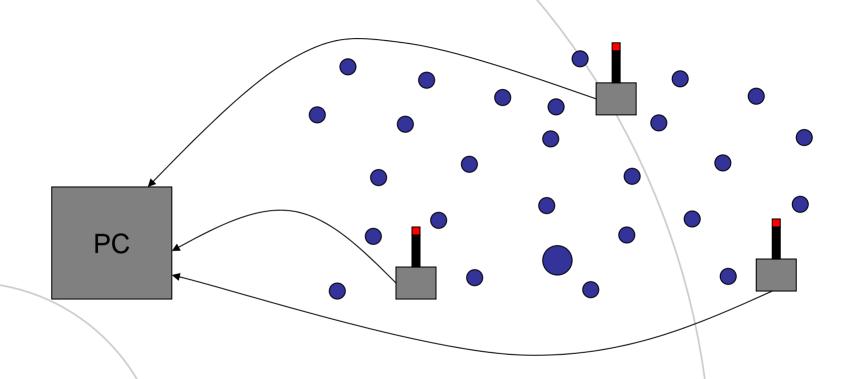
Scaling Debugging is a Challenge



- Standard practices don't scale
- Physical separation is a challenge
- Information overload



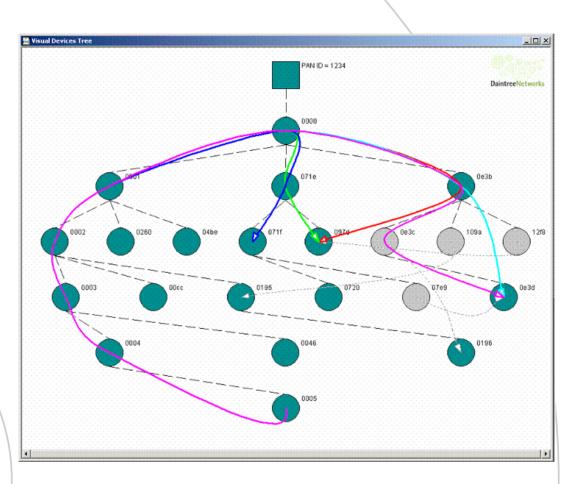
Scaling up packet sniffing



- Add multiple sniffers (some software supports)
- Start to reach information overload



Network Analyzers



Advanced capabilities built on packet sniffers



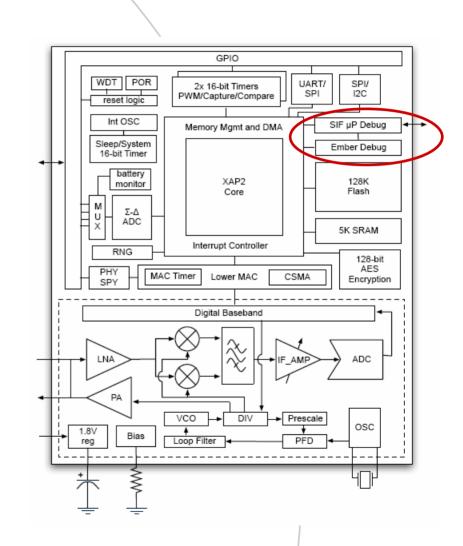
Comprehensive Dev System

- Need a scalable method of extracting information from nodes... with minimal intrusion
 - Not just packets, but all debug information
- Need a set of tools to analyze and manage that data



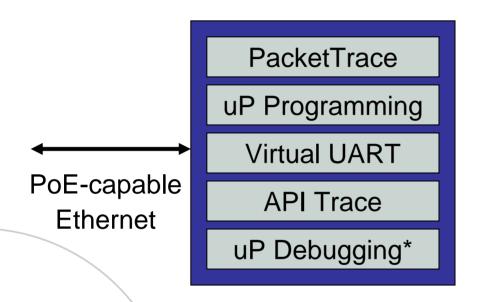
On-chip Development Support

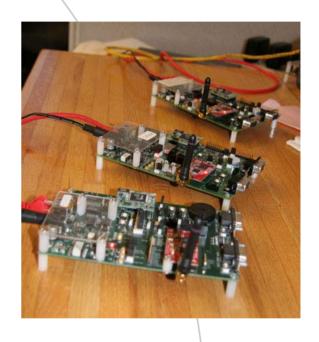
- InSight Port
 - High speed backchannel
 - Virtual UART
 - PacketTrace Module
- Protection Features
 - Memory Protection
 - Stack Overflow Detection





Example Debugger: InSight Adapter

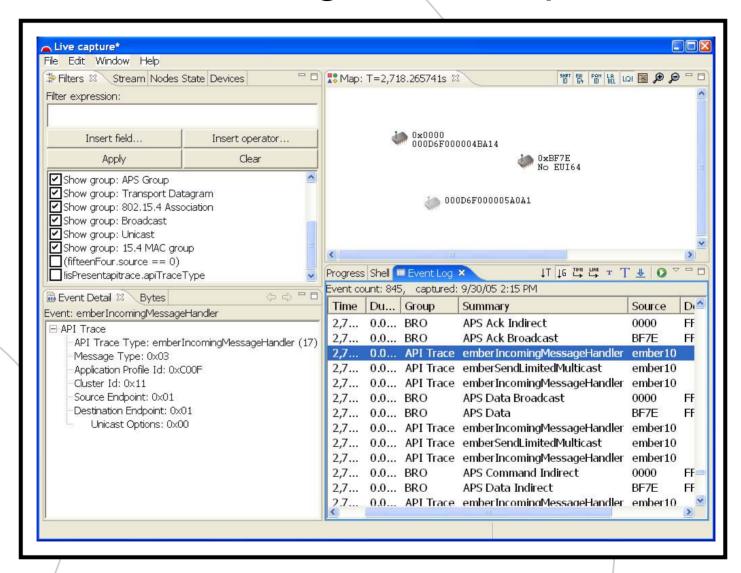




 InSight Adapter provides comprehensive microprocessor and network debugging over a single cable



InSight Desktop





Platform Vendor Selection

Hardware

- Platform type (RF-only, SoC, Network Processor, Module vs. Chip)
- Power Consumption
- RF Performance
 - 802.11/other 2.4GHz interference suppression
 - Output power/receive sensitivity
- Debugging features supported by hardware





Platform Vendor Selection

Software

- Top-level API
 - ZigBee does not define an API- only logical behavior and over-the-air behavior
- Testing strategy
 - Testing large-scale networking requires different QA mechanisms than standard embedded code
- Debugging Tools
- Management Interfaces
 - Support for deployment/enterprise-connection software
- Documentation/Training

